**Consolidated Financial Statements** 

# THE CORPORATION OF THE COUNTY OF HALIBURTON

And Independent Auditors' Report thereon

Year ended December 31, 2021



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### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of the Corporation of the County of Haliburton

#### Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of The Corporation of the County of Haliburton (the "County"), which comprise:

- the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2021;
- the consolidated statement of operations and accumulated surplus for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of change in net financial assets for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended;
- and the notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the County as at December 31, 2021, and its consolidated results of operations and accumulated surplus and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the **"Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements"** section of our auditors' report.

We are independent of the County in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



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#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the County's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the County or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.



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- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the County's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the County's to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

KPMG LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants Sudbury, Canada May 25, 2022

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	2021	2020
Financial Assets		
Cash	\$ 4,992,752	\$ 6,470,745
Investments (note 2)	6,645,727	2,544,529
Accounts receivable (note 3)	1,376,557	713,386
	13,015,036	9,728,660
Financial Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	4,174,623	2,708,276
Deferred revenue (note 4)	550,686	289,000
Employee post-retirement benefits (note 5)	368,200	343,900
Municipal debt (note 6)	3,968,161	4,341,530
	9,061,670	7,682,706
Net financial assets	3,953,366	2,045,954
Non-financial Assets		
Tangible capital assets (note 7)	43,177,036	41,177,987
Prepaid expenses	34,863	140,807
·	43,211,899	41,318,794
Contingencies and commitments (note 9) Effects of COVID-19 (note 13)		
Accumulated surplus (note 8)	\$ 47,165,265	\$ 43,364,748

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

On behalf of Council:

\_\_\_\_\_ Warden

Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus

Year ended December 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	Budget 2021	Actual 2021	Actual 2020
	(note 10)		
Revenue:			
Requisition on local municipalities	\$ 20,041,436	\$ 20,049,670	\$ 19,130,016
Government grants - Federal	687,089	732,364	545,338
Government grants - Provincial	3,648,182	5,321,039	5,365,714
User fees and service charges	337,454	1,005,017	624,670
Other:			
Investment income	74,545	136,690	127,554
Donations and other	131,144	52,425	45,400
Gain on sale of tangible capital assets	64,900	56,658	10,370
Total revenue	24,984,750	27,353,863	25,849,062
Expenses:			
General government	3,131,167	3,096,734	2,875,959
Protection services	293,231	192,343	157,326
Transportation services	9,138,477	8,672,053	8,455,438
Health services	6,740,747	7,382,680	6,505,617
Social and family services	1,679,383	437,241	479,345
Social housing	-	1,382,491	1,129,040
Recreational and cultural services	1,169,042	1,176,500	968,669
Planning and development	1,655,622	1,213,304	1,180,776
Total expenses	23,807,669	23,553,346	21,752,170
Annual surplus	1,177,081	3,800,517	4,096,892
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year	43,364,748	43,364,748	39,267,856
Accumulated surplus, end of year	\$ 44,541,829	\$ 47,165,265	\$ 43,364,748

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Change in Net Financial Assets

Year ended December 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	Budget	Actual	Actual
	2021	2021	2020
	(note 10)		
Annual surplus	\$ 1,177,081	\$ 3,800,517	\$ 4,096,892
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(6,702,475)	(6,285,220)	(8,914,332)
Amortization of tangible capital assets	4,299,477	4,284,677	3,984,001
Gain on sale of tangible capital assets	(64,900)	(56,658)	(10,370)
Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets	64,900	58,152	42,607
Acquisition of prepaid expenses	-	(34,863)	(140,807)
Utilization of prepaid expenses	-	140,807	89,423
Change in net financial assets	(1,225,917)	1,907,412	(852,586)
Net financial assets, beginning of year	2,045,954	2,045,954	2,898,540
Net financial assets, end of year	\$ 820,037	\$ 3,953,366	\$ 2,045,954

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	2021	2020
Cash provided by (used in):		
Operating activities:		
Annual surplus	\$ 3,800,517	\$ 4,096,892
Items not involving cash:		
Amortization of tangible capital assets	4,284,677	3,984,001
Gain on sale of tangible capital assets	(56,658)	(10,370)
	8,028,536	8,070,523
Change in non-cash assets and liabilities:		
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable	(663,171)	(60,799)
Decrease in inventory held for resale	-	-
Increase in deferred revenue	261,686	177,886
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses	105,944	(51,384)
Increase (decrease) in employee future benefits	24,300	1,200
Increase (decrease) payable and accrued liabilities	1,466,347	1,044,989
Net change in cash from operating activities	9,223,642	9,182,415
Capital activities:		
Proceeds on disposition of tangible capital assets	58,152	42,607
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(6,285,220)	(8,914,332)
Net change in cash from capital activities	(6,227,068)	(8,871,725)
Financing activities:		
Purchase of investments	(4,101,198)	(84,443)
Proceeds on issuance of long-term debt	-	3,000,000
Repayment of capital lease obligation	-	(56,106)
Debt principal repayments	(373,369)	(121,048)
Net change in cash from financing activities	(4,474,567)	2,738,403
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(1,477,993)	3,049,093
	(1,411,000)	0,040,000
Cash, beginning of year	6,470,745	3,421,652
Cash, end of year	\$ 4,992,752	\$ 6,470,745

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

The Corporation of the County of Haliburton (the "County") is an upper-tier county in Ontario. It conducts its operations guided by the provisions of provincial statutes such as the Municipal Act, Municipal Affairs Act and other related legislation.

#### 1. Significant accounting policies:

The consolidated financial statements of the County are prepared by management in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles for local governments as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board ("PSAB") of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the County are as follows:

(a) Basis of consolidation:

These consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses and fund balances of the reporting entity and include the activities of all committees of Council and the following local boards which are under the control of Council:

Haliburton County Public Library Board

All interfund and inter-entity assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses have been eliminated.

(b) Basis of accounting:

Revenues and expenses are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the period in which the transactions or events occurred that give rise to the revenues. Expenses are recognized in the period the goods or services are acquired and a legal liability is incurred or transfers are due.

The focus of these consolidated financial statements is on the consolidated statement of financial position of the County and the changes thereto. The consolidated statement of financial position includes all the financial assets and liabilities of the County as well as non-financial assets. Financial assets are those assets which could provide resources to discharge existing liabilities or finance future operations. Net debt form a part of the consolidated statement of financial position and is the difference between financial assets and liabilities. This provides information about the County's overall future revenue requirements and its ability to finance activities and meet its obligations. Non-financial assets are normally used to deliver services. Their value lies with their service potential rather than their ability to generate future cash inflows. They form part of the consolidated statement of financial position as they provide resources that the government can employ in the future to meet its objectives. The accumulated surplus is made up of the combination of net debt and non-financial assets.

(c) Cash:

Cash includes cash and cash equivalents which consist of bank balances and investments in money market instruments with maturities of three months or less, and is net of any temporary borrowings for current purposes.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

#### 1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(d) Revenue recognition:

Taxes are recorded at estimated amounts when they meet the definition of an asset, have been authorized and the taxable event occurs. For property taxes, the taxable event is the period for which the tax is levied. Taxes receivable are recognized net of an allowance for anticipated uncollectible amounts.

Government transfers are recognized in the period in which the events giving rise to the transfer occurred, provided that the transfer is authorized and the amount can be reasonably estimated. Government grants are recognized when approved to the extent the related expenses have been incurred and collection can be reasonably assured.

User fees and other revenues are recognized when the services are performed or goods are delivered, collection of the relevant receivable is probable, persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists and fees are fixed or determinable. Amounts received for future services are deferred until the service is provided.

Fines and donations are recognized when collected.

(e) Government transfers:

Government transfers are recognized as revenue in the consolidated financial statements when the transfer is authorized and any eligibility criteria are met, except to the extent that transfer stipulations give rise to an obligation that meets the definition of a liability. Transfers are recognized as deferred revenue when transfer stipulations give rise to a liability. Transfer revenue is recognized in the consolidated statement of operations as the stipulation liabilities are settled.

(f) Tangible capital assets:

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Cost includes all costs directly attributable to acquisition or construction of the tangible capital asset including transportation costs, installation costs, design and engineering fees, legal fees and site preparation costs. Contributed tangible capital assets are recorded at fair value at the time of the donations, with a corresponding amount recorded as revenue. Amortization is recorded on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the tangible capital asset as follows:

Assets	Useful Life - Years
Land improvements	15
Buildings	20 to 40
Leasehold improvements	5
Vehicles	4 to 10
Machinery and equipment-heavy	20
Machinery and equipment-operating	10
Computer and hardware and software	5
Road surface	5 to 25
Road base	40
Bridges	50 to 100
Culverts	25 to 75

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

#### 1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(f) Tangible capital assets (continued):

Tangible capital assets under construction are recorded at cost. Amortization is recorded at 50% in the year of acquisition.

(g) Investments:

Investments consist of authorized investments pursuant to provisions of the Municipal Act and are comprised of short term instruments in various securities. Investments with original maturity dates between three months and one year are classified as investments in the statement of financial position and are carried at fair market value.

Investment income earned on the short term instruments, reserve and reserve funds (other than obligatory funds) are reported as revenue in the period earned. Investment income earned on obligatory reserve funds is added to the fund balance and forms part of the respective deferred revenue balances.

(h) Pension plan:

The County is an employer member of the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System (OMERS), which is a multi-employer, defined benefit pension plan. The Board of Trustees, representing plan members and employers, is responsible for overseeing the management of the pension plan, including investment of the assets and administration of the benefits. The County has adopted defined contribution plan accounting principles for this Plan because insufficient information is available to apply defined benefit plan accounting principles. The County records as pension expense the current service cost.

(i) Employee post-retirement benefits:

The County accrues its obligations for employee benefit plans. The cost of non-pension postretirement and post-employment benefits earned by employers is actuarially determined using the projected benefit method pro-rated on service and management's best estimate of retirement ages of employees and expected health care costs.

Actuarial gains (losses) on the on the accrued benefit obligation arise from changes in actuarial assumptions used to determine the accrued benefit obligation. The net accumulated actuarial gains (losses) are amortized over the average remaining service period of active employees. The average remaining service period of the active employees covered by the employee benefit plan is 13 years.

Past service costs arising from plan amendments are recognized immediately in the period the plan amendments occur.

(j) Deferred revenue:

Under PSAB accounting principles, obligatory reserve funds and any other externally restricted financing amounts must be reported as deferred revenue. Only the amount earned by qualifying expenses in the current year is reflected as revenue in the consolidated statement of operations.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

#### 1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(k) Use of estimate:

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include valuation allowances for taxes and user charges receivable, accounts receivable, and estimating provisions for accrued liabilities. Actual results could differ from those estimates. These estimates are reviewed periodically, and, as adjustments become necessary, they are reported in earning in the year in which they become known.

(I) Financial instruments:

The County initially measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value adjusted by, in the case of a financial instrument that will not be measured subsequently at fair value, the amount of transaction costs directly attributable to the instrument.

The County subsequently measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost, except for investments in equity securities that are quoted in an active market of financial assets or liabilities designated to the fair value category, which are subsequently measured at fair value. Unrealized changes in fair value are recognized in the consolidated statement of operations.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash, taxes and user charges receivables and account receivables.

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and accrued liabilities, deferred revenue and long-term debt.

		2021	202	20
	Cost	Market	Cost	Market
Equity portfolio	\$ 444,842	\$ 562,839	\$ 400,001 \$	466,627
High interest savings	5,050,618	5,050,619	1,019,150	1,033,078
Money market portfolio	508,829	507,835	503,920	507,644
Bond portfolio	533,599	524,434	505,731	537,180
	\$ 6,537,888	\$ 6,645,727	\$ 2,428,802 \$	2,544,529

#### 2. Portfolio investments:

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

#### 3. Accounts receivable:

	2021	2020
Government of Canada	\$ 722,347	\$ 517,504
Province of Ontario	77,872	37,500
Other municipalities Other	115,360 460.978	54,601 103,781
Other	400,978	103,701
	\$ 1,376,557	\$ 713,386

#### 4. Deferred revenue:

Deferred revenue represents unspent funds externally restricted for a specific purpose received in the current and/or prior period that are unspent in the current period.

	2021	2020
Gas Tax Safe Restart – Phase 2 Other	\$ 550,686 _ _	\$ _ 287,000 2,000
	\$ 550,686	\$ 289,000

#### 5. Employee future amounts payable:

Pension agreement:

OMERS provides pension services to more than 461,000 active and retired members and approximately 1,000 employers. Each year an independent actuary determines the funding status of OMERS Primary Pension Plan (the "Plan") by comparing the actuarial value of invested assets to estimated present value of all pension benefits that members have earned to date. Because OMERS is a multi-employer plan, any pension plan surpluses or deficit are a joint responsibility of Ontario municipal organizations and their employees. As a result, the County does not recognize any share of the OMERS pension surplus or deficit. Contributions made by the County to OMERS for 2021 were \$617,001 (2020 - \$642,184).

The County sponsors a post-retirement defined benefit plan for medical, life insurance and dental benefits for substantially all full time employees with various cost sharing arrangements as determined by their collective agreements. The most recent valuation of employee future benefits was completed as at December 31, 2018.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

#### 5. Employee future amounts payable (continued):

The accrued benefit obligation is recorded in the financial statements as follows:

	20	21	2020
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 343,	900 \$	342,700
Add: benefit costs	44,;	200	31,900
Add: Interest costs	14,	700	12,400
	402,	800	387,000
Less: benefit contributions	(34,	600)	(43,100)
Balance, end of year	\$ 368,	200 \$	343,900

Similar to most post-employment benefit plans (other than pension) in Canada, the County's plan is not pre-funded, resulting in plan deficit equal to the accrued benefit obligation.

The significant actuarial assumptions adopted in measuring the County's accrued benefit obligations are as follows:

2021	2020
2.60%	3.50%
4.00%	4.00%
4.00%	4.00%
	2.60% 4.00%

#### 6. Municipal debt:

The balance of net municipal debt is made up of the following:

	2021	2020
Loan payable, 1.38%, repayable monthly at \$25,000 principal plus interest, due 2030	\$ 2,650,000	\$ 2,950,000
Loan payable, 3.24%, repayable in blended semi-annual instalments of \$58,933, due 2035	1,318,161	1,391,530
Net municipal debt	\$ 3,968,161	\$ 4,341,530

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

#### 6. Municipal debt (continued):

Principal payments on the long-term debt are as follows:

2022	\$ 375,766
2023	378,240
2024	380,796
2025	383,435
2026	386,160
Thereafter	2,063,764
	\$ 3,968,161

The long-term liabilities issued in the County's name have been approved by by-law as required and the annual principal and interest payments required are within the annual debt repayment limit prescribed by the Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

#### 7. Tangible capital assets:

Total

\$

41,177,987

		Balance at			Balance at
Coat		December 31,	A dditione	Diamagala	December 31,
Cost		2020	Additions	Disposals	2021
Land Building and	\$	754,228	-	-	754,228
leasehold improvements Multi-use trail		4,432,423	84,500 260,532	-	4,516,923 260,532
Equipment		3,276,710	735,522	(105,701)	3,906,531
Vehicles - licensed		4,364,226	679,722	(194,977)	4,848,971
Vehicles - unlicensed		1,351,767	198,225	-	1,549,992
Trailers - unlicensed		144,391	-	-	144,391
Roads infrastructure		96,506,126	2.792.300	-	99,298,426
Bridges		7,264,331	1,310,205	-	8,574,536
Culverts		2,486,080	224,214	-	2,710,294
Total	\$	120,580,282	6,285,220	(300,678)	126,564,824
		Balance at			Balance at
Accumulated		December 31.		Disposals and	December 31.
Amortization		2020	Amortization	adjustments	2021
, monazadon		2020	, anorazatori	udjuotinionito	2021
Land	\$	-	_	-	-
Building and	÷				
leasehold improvements		1,422,431	164,617	-	1,587,048
Multi-use trail		-, -	13,027	-	13,027
Equipment		1,824,392	467,745	(105,701)	2,186,436
Vehicles - licensed		2,581,754	388,612	(193,483)	2,776,883
Vehicles - unlicensed		870,934	76,825	(100,100)	947,759
Trailers - unlicensed		51,211	8,127	-	59,338
Roads infrastructure		69,869,370	2,962,283	-	72,831,653
Bridges		2,064,626	143,592	-	2,208,218
Culverts		717,577	59,849	_	777,426
Guivento		111,011	00,040		111,420
Total	\$	79,402,295	4,284,677	(299,184)	83,387,788
		Net book value,			Net book value,
		December 31,			December 31,
		2020			2021
Land	\$	754,228			754,228
Building and land improvements		3,009,992			2,929,875
Multi-use trail		-			247,505
Equipment		1,452,318			1,720,095
Vehicles - licensed		1,782,472			2,072,088
Vehicles - unlicensed		480,833			602,233
Trailers - unlicensed		93,180			85,053
Roads surface		26,636,756			26,466,773
Bridges		5,199,705			6,366,318
Culverts		1,768,503			1,932,868
		1,100,000			1,002,000

43,177,036

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2020

Bridges

#### 7. Tangible capital assets (continued):

		Balance at			Balance at
		December 31,			December 31,
Cost		2019	Additions	Disposals	2020
Land	\$	754,228			754 000
Building and	φ	754,220	-	-	754,228
leasehold improvements		4,398,544	33,879	-	4,432,423
Equipment		2,826,030	561,491	(110,811)	3,276,710
Vehicles - licensed		3,983,702	388,524	(8,000)	4,364,226
Vehicles - unlicensed		1,266,211	206,516	(120,960)	1,351,767
Trailers - unlicensed		95,522	48,869	(120,000)	144,391
Roads infrastructure		90,947,940	5,558,186	_	96,506,126
Bridges		5,852,208	1,412,123	-	7,264,331
Culverts		1,781,336	704,744	-	2,486,080
Total	\$	111,905,721	8,914,332	(239,771)	120,580,282
	Ŧ	,	-,,	()	,
		Balance at			Balance at
Accumulated		December 31,		Disposals and	December 31,
Amortization		2019	Amortization	adjustments	2020
Land	\$	-	_	-	-
Building and	Ψ				
leasehold improvements		1,260,649	161,782	_	1,422,431
Equipment		1,570,258	364,900	(110,766)	1,824,392
Vehicles - licensed		2,229,997	359,757	(8,000)	2,581,754
Vehicles - incensed		890,642	69.060	(88,768)	870,934
Trailers - unlicensed		,	,	(00,700)	,
		45,158	6,053	-	51,211
Roads infrastructure		67,011,957	2,857,413	-	69,869,370
Bridges		1,946,168	118,458	-	2,064,626
Culverts		670,999	46,578	-	717,577
Total	\$	75,625,828	3,984,001	(207,534)	79,402,295
		Net book value,			Net book value,
		December 31,			December 31,
		2019			2020
Land	\$	754,228			754,228
Building and		•			
land improvements		3,137,895			3,009,992
Equipment		1,255,772			1,452,318
Vehicles - licensed		1,753,705			1,782,472
Vehicles - unlicensed		375,569			480,833
Trailers - unlicensed		50,364			93,180
Roads surface		23,935,983			26,636,756
					-,,-

3,906,040

5,199,705

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

#### 8. Accumulated surplus:

	2021	2020
Internal current and capital funds	\$ (265,640)	\$ 77,763
Invested in tangible capital assets (note 7)	43,177,036	41,177,987
Municipal debt to be recovered in future (note 6)	(3,968,161)	(4,341,530)
Reserve/reserve fund balances	8,590,230	6,794,428
Unfunded employee post-retirement benefits (note 5)	(368,200)	(343,900)
Accumulated surplus	\$ 47,165,265	\$ 43,364,748

#### 9. Contingent liabilities and commitments:

(a) Credit facility agreement:

The County has a revolving credit facility agreement with its main financial institution. The amount available at any time is limited to \$2 million via an operating line. Any balance borrowed will bear interest at prime plus 0.5% per year. Council authorized the temporary borrowing limit and there was a balance owing as at December 31, 2021 of \$ Nil (2020 - \$Nil).

(b) Other contingencies:

In the normal course of its operations, the County is subject to various litigations and claims. The ultimate outcome of these claims cannot be determined at this time. However, the County's management believes that the ultimate disposition of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on its consolidated statement of financial position.

#### 10. Budget amounts:

The budget adopted by the County on January 11, 2021, was prepared on a basis consistent with that used to report actual results. The budget surplus was used for capital expenditures, amortization and repayments of long-term debt.

	2021
Budgeted surplus for the year as per financial statements	\$ 1,177,081
Add:	
Transfers from reserve	2,503,665
Amortization	4,299,477
Less:	
Capital expenditures	(6,702,475)
Transfer to reserves	(872,785)
Principal repayments of long-term debt	(404,963)
Budgeted use of surplus	\$ _

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

#### 11. Public sector salary disclosure:

During 2021, eight employees were paid a salary, as defined in the Public Sector Salary Disclosure Act, 1996, of \$100,000 or more by the County.

#### 12. Comparative information:

Certain comparative information have been reclassified to conform to the consolidated financial statement presentation adopted for 2021.

#### 13. Effects of COVID-19:

In March 2020, the COVID-19 outbreak was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization and has had a significant financial, market and social dislocating impact.

Financial statements are required to be adjusted for events occurring between the date of the financial statements and the date of the auditors' report which provides additional evidence relating to conditions that existed as at year end. At the time of approval of these financial statements, the County has experienced the following indicators of financial implications and undertaken the following activities in relation to the COVID-19 pandemic:

- The closure of a number of indoor and outdoor facilities to the general public;
- Revisions to the delivery of a number of County services in order to contribute towards social distancing. In certain instances, the delivery of County services has been temporarily suspended during the state of emergency
- Enhanced protocols implemented in line with Public Health guidelines; and
- Put in place measures to limit and control access to the premises by staff and the general public.

#### 14. Segmented information:

The Corporation of the County of Haliburton is a municipal government institution that proves a wide range of services to its citizens. County services are reported by function and their activities are separately disclosed in the segmented information. These County services are funded primarily by taxation levies.

The nature of the segments and the activities they encompass are as follows:

#### General government:

General government revenues and expenses are related to the administration departments and activities including Council, Corporate Administration, Finance, and Information Technology.

#### Protection services:

Protection to persons and property revenues and expenses are related to Forestry Bylaw and 911 services.

#### Transportation services:

Transportation services revenues and expenses are related to roads, bridges and culverts, engineering, rail corridor, traffic operations and roadside and winter control.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

#### 14. Segmented information (continued):

#### Health services:

Health services revenues and expenses are related to the operation of Land ambulances and transfer to Public Health Unit.

#### Social and family services:

Social and family services revenues and expenses are related to the County's share of social assistance and child care services provided by City of Kawartha Lakes.

#### Social housing:

Social housing revenues and expenses are related to the County's share of assisted housing costs provided by City of Kawartha Lakes.

#### Recreational and cultural services:

Recreational and cultural services revenues and expenses are related to the library.

#### Planning and development:

Planning and development revenues and expenses are related to the Planning, Land Division, Tourism, Geographic Information System (GIS), and Broadband.

For each segment separately reported in the schedule below, the segment revenue and expenses represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the segment and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis. Therefore, certain allocation methodologies are employed in the preparation of segmented financial information. These County services are funded primarily by taxation levies.

The accounting policies used in these segments are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements as disclosed in the summary of significant accounting policies.

Note 14 - Segmented Information (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

	General	Protection	Transportation		Social and Family		Recreation and	Planning and	nd
	Government	Services	Services	Health Services	Services	Social Housing	Culture	Development	2021
Revenue:									
Requisition on local municipalities	\$ 2,507,803	231,231	9,128,385	3,702,216	437,241	1,526,419	1,042,333	1,474,042	20,049,670
Government grants - federal	-	-	666,295	-	-	-	-	66,069	732,364
Government grants - provincial	1,572,590	-	365,755	3,223,287	-	-	120,353	39,054	5,321,039
User fees and services charges	211,572	32,055	178,950	433,486	-	-	1,514	147,440	1,005,017
Investment income	125,645	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,045	136,690
Donations and other	-	-	-	-	-	-	51,627	798	52,425
Gain on sale of tangible capital assets	-	-	56,658	-	-	-	-	-	56,658
	4,417,610	263,286	10,396,043	7,358,989	437,241	1,526,419	1,215,827	1,738,448	27,353,863
xpenses:									
Salaries and benefits	1,333,997	46,456	2,358,198	5,447,299	-	-	883,988	772,461	10,842,399
Materials, supplies and services	600,181	41,402	2,350,819	714,721	-	-	169,054	302,753	4,178,930
Contracted services	141,170	104,485	377,377	7,100	-	-	4,928	14,468	649,528
Interest on long-term debt	-	-	38,810	43,902	-	-	-	-	82,712
Amortization	163,883	-	3,546,849	355,902	-	-	104,421	113,622	4,284,677
Rents and financial	12,666	-	-	-	-	-	14,109	-	26,775
Interfunction	(303,897)	-	-	303,897	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers to other entities	1,148,734	-	-	509,859	437,241	1,382,491	-	10,000	3,488,325
	3,096,734	192,343	8,672,053	7,382,680	437,241	1,382,491	1,176,500	1,213,304	23,553,346
nnual surplus (deficit)	\$ 1,320,876	70,943	1,723,990	(23,691)	-	143,928	39,327	525,144	3,800,517

Note 14 - Segmented Information (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

	General	Protection	Transportation		Social and Family	0	Recreation and	Planning and	
	Government	Services	Services	Health Services	Services	Social Housing	Culture	Development	2020
Revenue:									
Requisition on local municipalities	\$ 2,415,620	165,612	8,859,845	3,247,333	479,345	1,501,887	998,218	1,462,156	19,130,016
Government grants - federal	-	-	547,933	-	-	-	-	(2,595)	545,338
Government grants - provincial	1,938,523	-	291,071	2,996,903	-	-	120,353	18,864	5,365,714
User fees and services charges	179,623	24,760	191,123	109,366	-	-	3,289	116,509	624,670
Investment income	110,849	-	-	-	-	-	138	16,567	127,554
Donations and other	1,163	-	-	3,541	-	-	39,196	1,500	45,400
Gain on sale of tangible capital assets	-	-	8,935	1,435	-	-	-	-	10,370
	4,645,778	190,372	9,898,907	6,358,578	479,345	1,501,887	1,161,194	1,613,001	25,849,062
Expenses:									
Salaries and benefits	1,217,615	63,351	2,314,850	4,812,451	-	-	768,422	705,796	9,882,485
Materials, supplies and services	458,114	42,696	2,475,783	550,029	-	-	84,358	304,862	3,915,842
Contracted services	263,003	51,279	287,939	4,691	-	-	4,299	111,803	723,014
Interest on long-term debt	-	-	6,891	46,241	-	-	-	-	53,132
Amortization	142,697	-	3,369,975	325,620	-	-	97,394	48,315	3,984,001
Rents and financial	6,492	-	-	-	-	-	14,196	-	20,688
Interfunction	(303,077)	-	-	303,077	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers to other entities	1,091,115	-	-	463,508	479,345	1,129,040	-	10,000	3,173,008
	 2,875,959	157,326	8,455,438	6,505,617	479,345	1,129,040	968,669	1,180,776	21,752,170
Annual surplus	\$ 1,769,819	33,046	1,443,469	(147,039)	-	372,847	192,525	432,225	4,096,892